

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO

DAN J. DAY,)	CASE NO. 1:06 CV 2134
)	
Petitioner,)	JUDGE KATHLEEN M. O'MALLEY
)	
v.)	
)	<u>MEMORANDUM OF OPINION</u>
STUART HUDSON,)	<u>AND ORDER</u>
)	
Respondent.)	

On September 5, 2006, petitioner pro se Dan J. Day filed the above-captioned habeas corpus action under 28 U.S.C. § 2254. Day is incarcerated in an Ohio penal institution, having been convicted of murder and reckless homicide on June 12, 2003. His conviction was affirmed by the Ohio Court of Appeals on March 24, 2004, State v. Day, No. 83138, 2004 WL 583880, and the Ohio Supreme Court denied review on September 1, 2004, 103 Ohio St.3d 1427 (2004). For the reasons stated below, the petition is denied and this action is dismissed.

A federal district court may entertain a petition for a writ of habeas corpus by a person in state custody only on the ground that the custody violates the Constitution or laws of the United States. Furthermore, the petitioner must have exhausted all available state remedies. 28 U.S.C. § 2254. Finally, persons in

custody pursuant to a state court judgment must file any federal habeas petition within one year of the latest of:

- A) the date on which the judgment became final by the conclusion of direct review or the expiration of the time for seeking such review;
- B) the date on which the impediment to filing an application created by State action in violation of the Constitution or laws of the United States is removed, if the applicant was prevented from filing by such State action;
- C) the date on which the constitutional right asserted was initially recognized by the Supreme Court, if the right has been newly recognized by the Supreme Court and made retroactively applicable to cases on collateral review; or
- D) the date on which the factual predicate of the claim or claims presented could have been discovered through the exercise of due diligence.


28 U.S.C. § 2244(d)(1). Section 2244(d)(2) provides: "The time during which a properly filed application for State post-conviction or other collateral review with respect to the pertinent judgment or claim is pending shall not be counted toward any period of limitation under this subsection."

It is evident on the face of the petition that Day's direct appeal process was completed well over one year prior to the date he filed this action. Further, none of the circumstances set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d)(1) is claimed to apply, and there is no reasonable suggestion of a basis for tolling the one year statute of limitations. Therefore, the petition must be dismissed as time-barred.

Accordingly, the petition is denied and this action is dismissed pursuant to Rule 4 of the Rules Governing Section 2254

Cases. Further, the court certifies, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3), that an appeal from this decision could not be taken in good faith, and that there is no basis on which to issue a certificate of appealability. 28 U.S.C. § 2253; Fed.R.App.P. 22(b).

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/ Kathleen M. O'Malley 
KATHLEEN M. O'MALLEY
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

DATED: 10/26/06